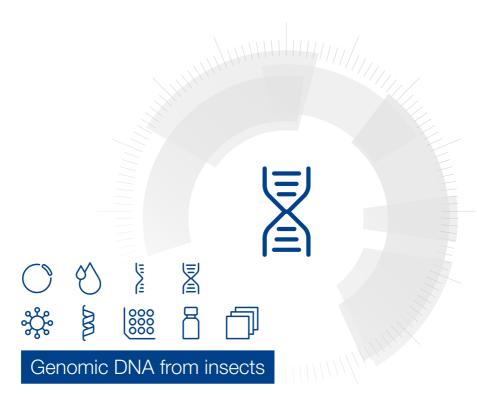
MACHEREY-NAGEL

User manual



■ NucleoSpin® DNA Insect

October 2023 / Rev. 04



Genomic DNA from insects

Protocol at a glance (Rev. 03)

NucleoSpin® DNA Insect

Place < 40 mg insect material (wet wei in NucleoSpin® Bead Tube Type D 100 µL Elution Buffer BE 40 µL Buffer MG	ght)		
40 μL Buffer MG			
·			
10 ul Liquid Protoinges V	40 μL Buffer MG		
TO με Liquid Proteinase κ	10 μL Liquid Proteinase K		
2 Lyse sample Agitate on a swing mill, MN BeadTuk Holder or similar device 0.5 – 15 mir			
11,000 × g, 30 s			
3 Adjust binding 600 µL Buffer MG	600 μL Buffer MG		
conditions 11,000 × <i>g</i> , 30 s	11,000 × <i>g</i> , 30 s		
Load 500 – 600 µL sample on	Load 500 – 600 µL sample on NucleoSpin® DNA Insect Column		
4 Bind DNA Load 500 - 600 pL sample on NucleoSpin® DNA Insect Column 11,000 × g, 30 s	·		
5 Wash silica 11,000 × 9	, 30 s		
5 Wash silica membrane 2 nd 500 μL BW 11,000 × g			
6 Dry silica membrane 11,000 × g, 30 s	11,000 × <i>g</i> , 30 s		
100 µL Elution Buffer BE			
7 Elute DNA RT, 1 min	RT, 1 min		
11,000 × g, 30 s	11,000 × g, 30 s		



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1 Components

1.1 Kit contents

	NucleoSpin [®] DNA Insect		
REF	10 preps 740470.10	50 preps 740470.50	
Lysis Buffer MG	10 mL	38 mL	
Wash Buffer BW	6 mL	30 mL	
Wash Buffer B5 (Concentrate)*	6 mL	6 mL	
Elution Buffer BE**	13 mL	30 mL	
Liquid Proteinase K	120 µL	600 µL	
NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type D	10	50	
NucleoSpin® DNA Insect Columns (light green rings)	10	50	
Collection Tubes (2 mL)	20	100	
User manual	1	1	

 $^{^{\}star}$ For preparation of working solutions and storage, see section 3.

^{**}Composition of Elution Buffer BE: 5 mM Tris/HCl, pH 8.5

1.2 Reagents, consumables, and equipment to be supplied by user

Reagents

• 96 – 100 % ethanol (for preparation of Wash Buffer B5)

Consumables

- 1.5 mL or 2 mL microcentrifuge tubes for sample preparation and elution
- Disposable tips

Equipment

- Manual pipettors
- Centrifuge for microcentrifuge tubes
- Vortex mixer
- Personal protection equipment (lab coat, gloves, goggles)
- Sample disruption device:

The MN Bead Tube Holder (REF 740469, see ordering information, section 6.2) is recommended to be used in combination with the Vortex-Genie[®] 2 for cost efficient and convenient disruption of lipid tissue samples. The Vortex Adapter (MoBio) for Vortex-Genie[®] 2 X is also suitable.

Alternatively, a swing mill can be used considering precautions of section 2.4.3 (e.g., mixer mill MM200, MM300, MM400 (Retsch®).

WARNING: The use of other disruption devices like FastPrep® System (MP-Biomedicals), Precellys® (Bertin Technologies), MagNA™ Lyser (Roche), TissueLyser (QIAGEN), Bullet Blender® (Next Advance), Mini-Beadbeater™ (Biospec Products), Speed Mill (Analytik Jena), or similar devices might cause bead tube destruction. Such disruption devices can cause high mechanical stress on the bead tubes. Depending on bead tube type and content (beads like steel beads, liquid volume, sample type), especially high frequency of shaking and / or long shaking duration can cause destruction of the bead tubes. If using such a disruption device, it is the responsibility of the user to perform initial stability tests to ensure stability of bead tubes during the individual experimental setup (e.g., intensity of agitation). See also section 2.4.3!

1.3 About this user manual

It is strongly recommeded for first time users to read the detailed protocol sections of the **NucleoSpin® DNA Insect** kit before using this product. Experienced users, however, may refer to the Protocol at a glance instead. The Protocol at a glance is designed to be used only as a supplemental tool for quick referencing while performing the purification procedure.

All technical literature is available online at www.mn-net.com.

Please contact Technical Service regarding information about any changes to the current user manual compared with previous revisions.

2 Product description

2.1 The basic principle

The **NucleoSpin® DNA Insect** kit is designed for efficient isolation of genomic DNA from insect samples. DNA can be isolated from a wide variety of samples, such as fresh, frozen, dried and ethanol preserved insects, e.g., fruit fly (*Drosophila melanogaster*), house cricket (*Acheta domesticus*), field cricket (*Gryllus assimilis*), mealworm (*Tenebrio molitor*), nonbiting midge larvae (*Chironomidae*), and mosquito (*Culicidae*).

Insects can be difficult to lyse due to their strong, chitin reinforced cell walls.

The **NucleoSpin® DNA Insect** kit combines enzymatic lysis by utilizing mechanical disruption of cell walls with the NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes. The NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes can be used in combination with the MN Bead Tube Holder (REF 740469) and the Vortex-Genie® 2. They are also compatible with other disruptive devices (see section 2.4.1). High DNA yields can be obtained with the NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes from a large variety of sample types – enabling the procedure to be convenient, fast, and easy. Alternative bead tube types can be ordered separately for selected sample types (see section 2.4.2 for recommendations).

2.2 Kit specifications

Kit specifications at a glance			
Parameter	NucleoSpin® DNA Insect		
Technology	Silica membrane technology		
Format	Mini spin column		
Sample material	Fresh, frozen, dried, and ethanol preserved insect samples		
Sample amount	Up to approx. 40 mg wet weight		
Typical yield	Varies by sample and disruption device. Up to 25 µg DNA can be obtained.		
A_{260}/A_{280}	1.7 – 1.9		
Elution volume	25 – 200 μL		
Preparation time	35 min/6 preps		
Binding capacity	60 µg		
Use	For research use only		

2.3 Handling, preparation, and storage of starting materials

Fresh, frozen, dried, and ethanol preserved insect samples can be used. Make sure not to use more than 40 mg starting material.

2.4 Lysis and disruption of sample material

In order to obtain optimal DNA yields, a complete disruption of the sample material is essential. The efficiency of sample disruption depends on the parameters listed below and suggestions for optimization are outlined in the subsequent sections.

2.4.1 Disruption device

The following devices are compatible with NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes. Please check whether NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes can be accommodated by the available tube adapters prior to starting the procedure.

- MN Bead Tube Holder in combination with the Vortex-Genie® 2 (recommended).
- Mixer mill MM200, MM300, MM400 (Retsch®) (suitable).

If other disruption devices (section 1.2) are intended to be used, consider section 2.4.2 and WARNING note in section 2.4.3!

2.4.2 Type of bead tube

Bead type, disruption time, and frequency/speed must be optimized for a given sample to obtain maximal DNA yield and quality.

Type of bead tube

 NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type D (3 mm steel beads; included in NucleoSpin® DNA Insect kits)

Recommended for insect samples

For more information see here:

https://www.mn-net.com/de/BeadTubeOverview-BeadTubeD

Other types of bead tubes are available for other applications:

- NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type A (0.6 0.8 mm ceramic beads)
 Recommended for soil and sediment (included in NucleoSpin® Soil, see ordering information, section 6.2).
- NucleoSpin[®] Bead Tubes Type B (40 400 µm glass beads)
 Recommended for gram positive and -negative bacteria (included in NucleoSpin[®] Microbial DNA, see ordering information, section 6.2).
- NucleoSpin[®] Bead Tubes Type C (1 3 mm corundum)
 Recommended for yeast (see ordering information, section 6.2).
- NucleoSpin[®] Bead Tubes Type E (combination of 3 mm steel beads and 40 400 μm glass beads)
 - Recommended for difficult to lyse tissue containing gram positive bacteria (see ordering information, section 6.2).
- NucleoSpin[®] Bead Tubes Type F (1 3 mm corundum and 3 mm steel beads)
 Use only with MN Bead Tube Holder! (see ordering information, section 6.2)

2.4.3 Time and frequency of disruption

The following recommendations have been established for the MN Bead Tube Holder in combination with a Vortex-Genie[®] 2 or a Retsch[®] Swingmill MM300 operating at highest frequency (30 Hertz). For using other disruption devices, and other sample materials, time and frequency have to be optimized.

Sample material	Disruption device	Disruption time	Speed / intensity / frequency
Fresh, frozen, dried, and ethanol preserved insects, e.g., <i>Drosophila</i> melanogaster	MN Bead Tube Holder in conjunction with a Vortex-Genie® 2	approx. 20 min	full speed
Fresh, frozen, dried, and ethanol preserved insects, e.g., <i>Drosophila</i> melanogaster	Mixer mill (Retsch [®])	approx. 0.5 – 10 min	30 Hz
Fresh, frozen, dried, and ethanol preserved insects, e.g., <i>Drosophila</i> melanogaster	other device	to be optimized by user	see recommendations below

Note: Stability testing has been conducted on the NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type D with the MN Bead Tube Holder on a Vortex-Genie® 2 and with a mixer mill MM300 (Retsch®) at highest frequency (30 Hertz). NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type D withstand shaking for several hours in the MN Bead Tube Holder on a Vortex-Genie® 2 and for up to 30 minutes on a mixer mill MM300 (Retsch®) at highest frequency (30 Hertz).

For optimal sample processing, avoidance of DNA fragmentation, and highest DNA yield see table above for recommendations of adequate disruption times. Other disruption devices (see section 2.4.1) will require different settings regarding frequency and duration for optimal performance with the selected sample material. Please note that the position of the tube within the machine (mixer mill, Retsch®) is important for optimal performance! Please refer to the instrument manual of the disruption device.

WARNING: Many disruption devices can cause high mechanical stress on the bead tubes. Depending on bead tube type and content (beads, liquid volume, sample type), especially high frequency of shaking and/or long shaking duration can cause breaking up of the bead tubes. It is the responsibility of the user to perform initial stability tests to ensure stability of bead tubes during the individual experimental setup!

These tests should be performed with water instead of lysis buffer in order to avoid spillage of chaotropic lysis buffer in case of tube breakage. Integrity and tightness of the tube need to be controlled after every run.

WARNING: In section 5 a certain liquid volume during disruption is recommended. The reduction of liquid content will severely increase the mechanical impact by the steel beads and can result in damage of DNA and tube.

2.5 Elution procedures

In addition to the standard method, several modifications are possible to increase yield, concentration, and convenience.

- Convenient elution (standard elution): Elution can be performed by a single addition of 100 µL Elution Buffer onto the column.
- **High yield:** Elution can be performed in two serial elutions of 100 μL each, resulting in a total volume of 200 μL.
- High concentration: Elution can be performed by application of 100 μL Elution Buffer, which is then re-used in a second elution step, resulting in 100 μL eluate with high DNA concentration. Alternatively, the elution volume can be reduced down to 25 μL.

3 Storage conditions and preparation of working solutions

Attention:

Lysis Buffer MG and Wash Buffer BW contain chaotropic salts! Wear gloves and goggles!

CAUTION: Buffers MG and BW contain chaotropic salts which can form highly reactive compounds when combined with bleach (sodium hypochlorite). DO NOT add bleach or acidic solutions directly to the sample-preparation waste!

All kit components can be stored at room temperature (15-25 °C) and are stable until: see package label.

Before starting any **NucleoSpin® DNA Insect** protocol, prepare the following:

- Wash Buffer B5: Add the indicated volume of ethanol (96 100 %) to Wash Buffer B5 Concentrate. Mark the label of the bottle to indicate that ethanol was added. Wash Buffer B5 can be stored at 15 – 25 °C.
- Liquid Proteinase K is ready to use. After first time use, store Liquid Proteinase K at 4 °C or -20 °C.

	NucleoSpin [®] DNA Insect		
REF	10 preps 740470.10	50 preps 740470.50	
Wash Buffer B5 (Concentrate)	6 mL Add 24 mL ethanol	6 mL Add 24 mL ethanol	

4 Safety instructions

When working with the **NucleoSpin® DNA Insect** kit wear suitable protective clothing (e.g., lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles). For more information consult the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS available online at **www.mn-net.com/msds**).



Caution: Guanidine hydrochloride in buffer BW and guanidinium thiocyanate in buffer MG can form highly reactive compounds when combined with bleach! Thus, do not add bleach or acidic solutions directly to the sample preparation waste.

The waste generated with the **NucleoSpin® DNA Insect** kit has not been tested for residual infectious material. A contamination of the liquid waste with residual infectious material is highly unlikely due to strong denaturing lysis buffer and Proteinase K treatment but it cannot be excluded completely. Therefore, liquid waste must be considered infectious and should be handled and discarded according local safety regulations.

4.1 Disposal

Dispose hazardous, infectious or biologically contaminated materials in a safe and acceptable manner and in accordance with all local and regulatory requirements.

5 Protocols

5.1 Protocol for fresh, frozen, dried, and ethanol preserved insect samples

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer B5 was prepared according to section 3.
- Check section 2.4 for lysis and disruption of sample material.

1 Prepare sample

Place the insect sample to a NucleoSpin $^{\! \otimes}$ Bead Tube Type D (provided).



+ 100 µL BE

Up to approx. 40 mg of wet weight insect sample can be processed. Remove excess liquid (e.g., water, ethanol) from the sample, with a filter paper.

Add 100 µL Elution Buffer BE to the sample.

Alternatively, high quality grade water (not provided) can be used.

2 Lyse sample

Add 40 µL Buffer MG.

Then, add 10 µL Liquid Proteinase K and close the tube.



+ 40 µL MG

+ 10 µL Liquid Proteinase K

Agitate

Agitate the NucleoSpin® Bead Tube in the MN Bead Tube Holder on a Vortex-Genie® 2. Alternatively a swing mill (Retsch®) can be used (see section 2.4.3).

Note: Optimal agitation duration, speed/frequency depends on the device used. For the MN Bead Tube Holder it is approximately 20 min; in a mixer mill MM200, MM300, MM400 (Retsch®), e.g., 0.5–5 min at maximal frequency (30 Hertz) is suitable (see section 2.4). On a swing mill, position of the tube in the mill can considerably influence the result. Please refer to the instruction manual of the device used. Respect warnings in section 1.2 and 2.4.3 if other devices are intended to be used!

Centrifuge the NucleoSpin® Bead Tube 30 s at 11,000 x g to clean the lid.

Note: In this step foam is removed from the screw cap to allow clean opening of the tube.

Attention: Do neither centrifuge at higher g-force, nor longer because this might damage the NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes.

11.000 x a. 30 s

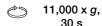
3 Adjust DNA binding conditions

Add 600 µL Buffer MG and mix (e.g., vortex for 3 s).



Note: Steel beads should be agitated in the tube; some residual pellet (cell debris) may remain on the bottom of the tube.

Centrifuge for 30 s at $11,000 \times g$.



Note: This centrifugation step is performed in order to clean the lid and sediment steel beads and cell debris.

Attention: Do neither centrifuge at higher g-force, nor longer because this might damage the NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes

Bind DNA

Transfer the supernatant (~500-600 µL) onto the NucleoSpin® DNA Insect Column, placed in a 2 mL Collection Tube (provided).



Load samples

Centrifuge for **30 s** at **11,000 x** *g*. Discard Collection Tube with flow through. Put column into a fresh Collection Tube (2 mL, provided).



 $11,000 \times q$ 30 s

5 Wash silica membrane

1st wash

Add 500 µL Buffer BW. Centrifuge for 30 s at 11,000 x g. Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the Collection Tube.

+ 500 µL BW

 $11,000 \times g$ 30 s

+ 500 µL B5

 $11,000 \times g$ 30 s

2nd wash

Add 500 µL Buffer B5 to the column and centrifuge for 30 s at 11,000 x g. Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the Collection Tube.

6 Dry silica membrane

Centrifuge the column for 30 s at 11,000 x g.

Note: Residual wash buffer is removed in this step.



11,000 x g, 30 s



7 Elute highly pure DNA

Place the NucleoSpin® DNA Insect Column into a 1.5 mL nuclease-free tube (not provided) and add 100 μ L Elution Buffer BE onto the column. Incubate at room temperature for 1 min. Centrifuge 30 s at 11,000 x g.



100 µL BE RT, 1 min

⇒ 11,000 x *g*, 30 s

For alternative elution procedures see section 2.5

5.2 Protocol for purification of DNA from hard to lyse bacteria in insect samples

The purification of DNA from hard to lyse bacteria (e.g., gram positive bacteria) in insect samples can be challenging as disruption of the two organisms require individual mechanical forces.

MACHEREY-NAGEL has therefore developed the NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type E, which contain $40-400~\mu m$ glass beads as well as 3 mm steel beads. NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type E can be used according to the protocol described for NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type D in section 5.

However, the use of NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type E is a very harsh method in terms of sample disruption. Please note that processing time on a selected disruption device (e.g., MN Bead Tube Holder or mixer mill (Retsch®)) has to be optimized by the user with regard to sample type, amount, and downstream application. Long disruption duration on high impact machines (e.g., mixer mill (Retsch®)) can cause total DNA loss due to massive DNA fragmentation. Please contact the technical service for further information.

Respect warnings in section 1.2 and 2.4.3 when using NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type E.

6 Appendix

6.1 Troubleshooting

Problem Pos

Possible cause and suggestions

Damaged bead tubes

Unsuitable disruption device or intensity

 High force disruption devices can damage NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type D and E. Respect warnings in section 1.2 and 2.4.3. Use the recommended MN Bead Tube Holder.

Incomplete lysis

 Adjust lysis conditions (bead tube type, agitation device, duration, or frequency).

Reagents not applied properly

• Prepare Buffer B5 according to instructions (section 3).

Suboptimal elution of DNA from the column

- For certain sample types, preheat Buffer BE to 70 °C before elution. Apply Buffer BE directly onto the center of the silica membrane.
- Elution efficiencies decrease dramatically if elution is done with buffers with a pH < 7.0. Use slightly alkaline elution buffers like Buffer BE (pH 8.5).

No or poor DNA yield

 Especially when expecting high yields from large amounts of material, we recommend elution with 200 µL Buffer BE and incubation of the closed columns in an incubator at 70 °C for 5 min before centrifugation.

High amount of sample material

• If using more than 20 mg of sample material, DNA yield can be increased by addition of 20 µL ethanol after the addition of 600 µL Buffer MG in step 3. However, ethanol addition slightly increases RNA copurification. In order to avoid RNA copurification due to ethanol addition, incubate lysate after disruption for 5 min at 70 °C, then add 600 µL Buffer MG and 20 µL ethanol, mix, and proceed with the transfer onto the NucleoSpin® DNA Insect Column.

Problem

Possible cause and suggestions

High A₂₆₀/A₂₈₀ ratio

Ratios > 1.9 can be caused by RNA contamination.
 Usually, such RNA contamination does not interfere with downstream application. Depending on sample type, amount, and disruption procedure, preparations might contain small amounts of RNA. If it is necessary to reduce RNA contamination to the lowest possible level, incubate the lysate after the disruption step for 5 min at 70 °C in order to inactivate the Proteinase K. After cooling to room temperature, add 20 µL RNase A (20 mg/mL) and incubate 5 min. Continue with the application of the lysate onto the column.

Poor DNA quality

Reagents not applied properly

Prepare Buffer B5 according to instructions (see section 3).

Too much sample material used

Clogged columns

 Make sure to centrifuge the lysate after cell disruption in order to sediment beads and cell debris. Only transfer cleared supernatant onto the column.

Carry-over of ethanol or salt

Suboptimal performance of genomic DNA in enzymatic reactions

- Make sure to centrifuge ≥ 1 min at 11,000 x g in order to remove all of ethanolic Buffer B5 before eluting the DNA. If, for any reason, the level of Buffer B5 has reached the column outlet after drying, repeat the centrifugation.
- Do not chill Buffer B5 before use. Cold buffer will not remove salt effectively. Equilibrate Buffer B5 to room temperature before use.

Contamination of DNA with inhibitory substances

 Do not elute DNA with TE buffer. EDTA may inhibit enzymatic reactions. Repurify DNA and elute in Buffer BE.

6.2 Ordering information

Product	REF	Pack of
NucleoSpin® DNA Insect	740470.10/.50	10/50 preps
MN Bead Tube Holder	740469	1 piece
NucleoSpin® Soil	740780.10/.50/.250	10/50/250 preps
NucleoSpin® DNA Lipid Tissue	740471.10/.50	10/50 preps
NucleoSpin® Microbial DNA	740235.10/.50	10/50 preps
NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type A (0.6-0.8 mm ceramic beads, recommended for soil and sediments)	740786.50	50 pieces
NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type B (40-400 µm glass beads, recommended for bacteria)	740812.50	50 pieces
NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type C (1-3 mm corundum, recommended for yeast)	740813.50	50 pieces
NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type D (3 mm steel beads, recommended for insects)	740814.50	50 pieces
NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type E (40-400 µm glass beads and 3 mm steel beads, recommended for hard to lyse bacteria within insect samples)	740815.50	50 pieces
NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type F (1-3 mm corundum and 3 mm steel beads, use only with MN Bead Tube Holder!)	740816.50	50 pieces
NucleoSpin® Bead Tubes Type G (5 mm steel beads, recommended for plant material)	740817.50	50 pieces
Buffer BE	740306.100	125 mL
Buffer B5 Concentrate (for 125 mL Buffer B5)	740921	25 mL
Buffer BW	740922	100 mL

Product	REF	Pack of
Liquid Proteinase K	740396	5 mL
RNase A	740505.50 740505	50 mg 100 mg
Collection Tubes (2 mL)	740600	1000

Visit **www.mn-net.com** for more detailed product information.

6.3 Product use restriction/warranty

All MACHEREY-NAGEL products are designed for their intended use only. They are not intended to be used for any other purpose. The description of the intended use of the products can be found in the original MACHEREY-NAGEL product leaflets. Before using our products, please observe the instructions for use and the safety instructions from the respective Material Safety Data Sheet of the product.

This MACHEREY-NAGEL product is carrying documentation stating specifications and other technical information. MACHEREY-NAGEL warrants to meet the stated specifications. The provided warranty is limited to the data specifications and descriptions as given in the original MACHEREY-NAGEL literature. No other statements or representations, written or oral, by MACHEREY-NAGEL's employees, agents or representatives, except written statements signed by a duly authorized officer of MACHEREY-NAGEL are authorized. They should not be relied upon by the costumer and are not a part of a contract of sale or of this warranty.

Liability for all possible damages that occur in any connection with our products is limited to the utmost minimum as stated in the general business terms and conditions of MACHEREY-NAGEL in their latest edition which can be taken from the company's website. MACHEREY-NAGEL does not assume any further warranty.

Products and their application are subject to change. Therefore, please contact our Technical Service Team for the latest information on MACHEREY-NAGEL products. You may also contact your local distributor for general scientific information. Descriptions in MACHEREY-NAGEL literature are provided for informational purposes only.

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Please contact:

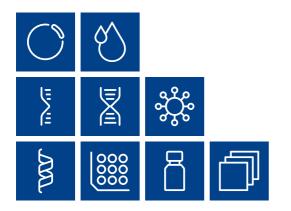
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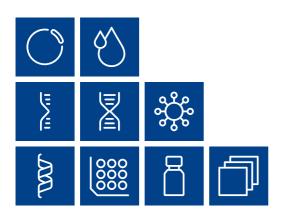
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DNA
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