

■ NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core Kit

October 2022 / Rev. 09

MACHEREY-NAGEL

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1 Components

1.1 Kit contents

	NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus		
REF	12 × 8 preps 740643	60 × 8 preps 740643.5	
Lysis Buffer RAV1 ¹	2 × 40 mL	8 × 40 mL	
Wash Buffer RAW	75 mL	300 mL	
Wash Buffer RAV3 (Concentrate) ¹	50 mL	2 × 100 mL	
RNase-free H ₂ O	30 mL	125 mL	
Elution Buffer RE ²	30 mL	125 mL	
Carrier RNA (lyophilized) ¹	2 × 1 mg	8 × 1 mg	
Proteinase K (lyophilized) ¹	50 mg	3 × 75 mg	
Proteinase Buffer PB	8 mL	15 mL	
NucleoSpin [®] Virus Binding Strips (blue rings)	12	60	
MN Square-well Blocks	6	20	
Rack of Tube Strips ³	4	15	
Self adhering PE Foil	10	50	
Leaflet	1	1	

¹ For preparation of working solutions and storage conditions see section 3.

² Elution Buffer RE: 5 mM Tris/HCl, pH 8.5

³ Set of 1 rack, 12 strips with 8 tubes each, Cap Strips included

	NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus Core Kit
REF	48 × 8 preps 740451.4
Lysis Buffer RAV1 ¹	6 × 40 mL
Wash Buffer RAW	300 mL
Wash Buffer RAV3 (Concentrate) ¹	2 × 100 mL
RNase-free H ₂ O	125 mL
Elution Buffer RE ²	125 mL
Carrier RNA (lyophilized) ¹	6 × 1 mg
NucleoSpin [®] Virus Binding Strips (blue rings)	48
Leaflet	1

Kit contents continued

1.2 Reagent to be supplied by user

• 96-100 % ethanol (for preparation of working solutions; see section 3)

For more detailed information regarding special hardware required for centrifuge or vacuum processing, please see section 2.3.

For recommended accessories for use of the flexible NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core Kit (reduced kit composition; REF 740451.4), please see section 2.4.

1.3 About this user manual

It is strongly recommended reading the detailed protocol sections of this user manual if the NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus kit is used for the first time. Experienced users, however, may refer to the Protocol-at-a-glance instead. The Protocol-at-aglance is designed to be used only as a supplemental tool for quick referencing while performing the purification procedure. All technical literature is available on the internet at *www.mn-net.com*.

Please contact Technical Service regarding information about changes of the current user manual compared to previous revisions.

¹ For preparation of working solutions and storage conditions see section 3.

² Elution Buffer RE: 5 mM Tris/HCl, pH 8.5

2 Product description

2.1 The basic principle

The **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** kit is designed for the simultaneous purification of viral RNA and DNA. The kit combines the selectivity of well established silica membrane binding of nucleic acids with medium-throughput 8-well format. With the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** method, RNA viruses are quickly and efficiently lysed by Lysis Buffer RAV1 which is a highly concentrated GITC solution. Compared to RNA viruses, DNA viruses (e.g., HBV) are usually more difficult to isolate and require a digestion of samples with Proteinase K which is provided in the kit. Lysis buffer and ethanol create appropriate conditions for binding of nucleic acids to the silica membrane of the NucleoSpin® Virus Binding Strips. Carrier RNA included in Lysis Buffer RAV1 improves binding and recovery of low concentrated viral RNA/DNA. Contaminations (potential PCR inhibitors) like salts, metabolites, and soluble macromolecular cellular components are removed in washing steps with ethanolic Wash Buffer RAW and Buffer RAV3. The purified viral nucleic acids can be eluted in low salt buffer or water and are ready to use in subsequent downstream applications like RT-PCR or PCR.

Choice of NucleoSpin® Virus kits

The **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** kit allows the purification of multiples of 8 samples. The kit is primarily designed for manual use in a centrifuge. A vacuum use of this kit allows more variation and higher flexibility in the consumables used for lysis, washing, and elution. MACHEREY-NAGEL takes this into account by introducing the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit**, which is primarily recommended for manual or automated vacuum use. The core kits contain the core items like binding strips and buffers but no accessories like plastics or enzymes. The core kits together with a large variety of suitable disposables ensure the highest degree of flexibility for the user. To choose the most appropriate kit for your needs please refer to the following 'kit selection guide'. The **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** kit is also available as 96-well plate kit for high throughput (see ordering information, section 6.2).

Table 1: Kit selection guide				
	Application	Kit recommendation		
Manual use, centrifuge	Low/medium throughput High throughput	NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus NucleoSpin [®] 96 Virus*		
Manual use, vacuum	Low/medium throughput	NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus Core Kit		
	High throughput	NucleoSpin [®] 96 Virus* NucleoSpin [®] 96 Virus Core Kit*		
Automated use, vacuum or centrifuge	Low/medium throughput High throughput	NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus Core Kit NucleoSpin [®] 96 Virus Core Kit*		

Table 1: Kit selection guide

^{*} Please refer to the NucleoSpin® 96 Virus user manual. See section 6.2 for ordering information.

We can provide personalized support, protocol information, or verified scripts for numerous platforms. For more information, please contact our technical support or visit *www.mn-net.com/automation*.

2.2 Kit specifications

- NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus allows the parallel purification of viral DNA and RNA from 100 – 150 µL plasma, serum, or other cell-free biological fluids. Samples can either be fresh or frozen. Furthermore, particle-free supernatants of tissue suspensions, supernatants of stool samples, swab material, or diluted blood samples may also be processed. For detailed information on sample pretreatment please refer to section 2.6.
- The purified nucleic acids are suitable for applications like real-time PCR/RT-PCR, PCR, or any kind of enzymatic manipulation. The detection limit for certain viruses depends on individual procedures, for example in-house nested (RT-) PCR. Use of internal extraction control samples as well as positive and negative amplification controls in order to monitor the purification, amplification and detection processes is highly recommended.
- NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core Kit is primarily designed for vacuum use (for manual use or automated use on robotic platforms). Processing under vacuum allows easy automation on common liquid handling instruments. For more information about the automation process and the availability of ready to run scripts for certain platforms please refer to section 2.5 and contact your local distributor or MN directly.

ons at a glance	
NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus (Core Kit)	
For research use only	
Silica membrane technology	
8-well strips	
Manual or automated, vacuum or entrifugation	
100 – 150 μL*	
> 90 %	
30-60 cp/mL	

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^{*} Lysis must be done in MN Square-well Blocks if sample size is 150 µL. Additional MN Square-well Blocks may be necessary (see ordering information, section 6.2).

Table 2: Kit specifications at a glance			
Elution volume	70–100 μL		
Preparation time	60 min/6 strips		
Binding capacity	40 µg		

2.3 Required hardware

Centrifugation

For centrifugation a microtiterplate centrifuge which is able to accommodate the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips stacked on a Round-or Square-well Block and reaches accelerations of $5,600-6,000 \times g$ is required (bucket height: 85 mm). For processing the 8-well strips of the **NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus kit**, the Starter Set C (containing Column Holders C, MN Square-well Blocks, Rack of Tube Strips; see ordering information, section 6.2) is required, too. For detailed information refer to the Starter Set C manual.

Vacuum processing

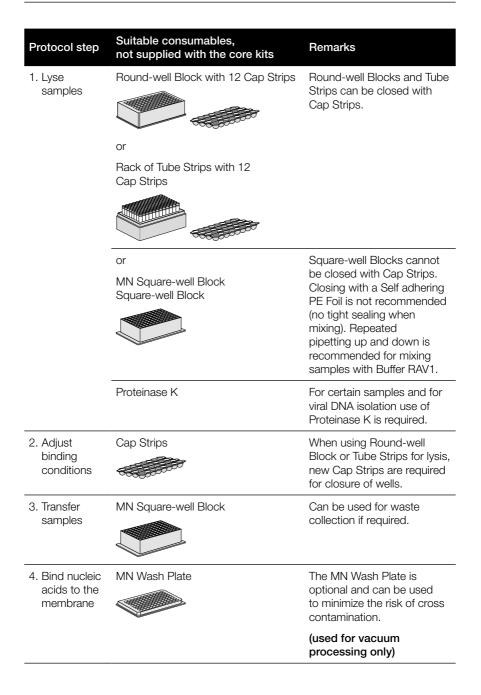
Although the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** kit is designed primarily for processing under centrifugation, processing under vacuum is also possible. The dead volume for the elution step is higher in comparison to centrifuge based elution. In order to achieve highly concentrated eluates and to avoid contamination, it is recommended performing the elution step by centrifugation. Consumables for vacuum processing differ from the consumables required for centrifugation. Therefore, for vacuum processing, we recommend using the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit**. For manual processing under vacuum a NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold (see ordering information) is required for **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit**. If the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus (Core Kit)** is used with vacuum in addition to NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold, the Starter Set A (containing Column Holders A and **NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips**, see ordering information 6.2) is required.

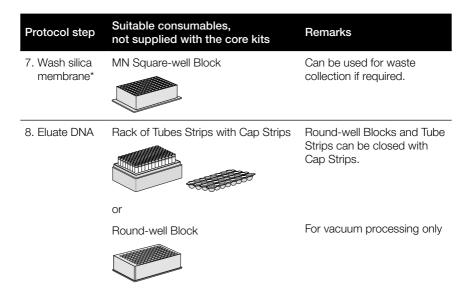
2.4 Recommended accessories for use of the NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core Kit

The **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit** provides the buffers, Carrier RNA, and NucleoSpin® Virus Binding Strips. Accessory plates (e.g., lysis plates, elution plates, and Proteinase K) are not provided with the core kits. The user can individually select additional consumables from a variety of suitable accessory plates according to his requirements for highest flexibility.

For use of the $NucleoSpin^{\circledast}\,8$ Virus Core Kit, follow the standard protocols (see section 5).

Recommended accessories for use of the NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit is available from MACHEREY-NAGEL. For ordering information, please refer to section 6.2.





2.5 Automated processing on robotic platforms

For automated use we recommend using the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit** which can be automated on many common laboratory workstations. For a protocol which can be used as a guideline to create robotic script see section 5.2. For the availability of scripts and general considerations about adapting **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit** on a certain workstation please contact MACHEREY-NAGEL.

For vacuum processing the use of the disposable MN Wash Plate inside the vacuum manifold is recommended. Use of the MN Wash Plate reduces the risk of crosscontamination caused by spraying of solutions during vacuum filtration steps. Visit MN online at www.mn-net.com or contact your local MACHEREY-NAGEL distributor for technical support regarding hardware, software, setup instructions, and selection of the protocol.

^{*} Use of MN Square-well Block is optional. For waste collection the waste tray of the NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold can be used.

2.6 Sample material

Liquid samples

Biological fluids or semi-fluid samples can be processed (e.g., serum, urine, or bronchoalveolar lavage). For successful nucleic acid purification it is important to obtain a homogeneous, clear, and non-viscous sample before loading onto the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips. Therefore, check all samples (especially old or frozen ones) for presence of precipitates. Precipitates can be removed after addition of Lysis Buffer RAV1 and lysis incubation by centrifugation. Avoid clearing samples by centrifugation/filtration before the Buffer RAV1-lysis step, because viruses of interest may be associated with particles or aggregates. Incubation with Buffer RAV1 can be prolonged in order to dissolve and digest residual cell structures, precipitates and virus particles. RNA, however, is sensitive and prolonged incubation may cause decreased yields.

Solid samples (tissue samples, stool samples)

Prepare a 10 % (w/v) suspension of tissue in buffer (e.g., PBS) using commercial homogenization tools (rotor-stator or bead-based homogenization tools, etc.). Centrifuge the suspension in order to remove particles. Use the clear particle-free supernatant for further processing.

Swab material

Incubate swab in a suitable buffer (e.g., PBS) or cell-culture medium for 30 min. Proceed with particle-free buffer or medium.

Blood samples

Processing of blood samples is possible if using blood diluted with PBS buffer. Using undiluted blood may cause clogging of the silica membrane of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips. The amount of PBS buffer added to blood samples has to be optimized for the individual organism. As a rule of thumb we recommend to start with 50 μ L blood diluted with 50 μ L PBS buffer.

Sample volume

The **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** and **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kits** are specified for a sample volume of 100 μ L. If necessary, the sample volume can be increased to 150 μ L. For sample volumes of 150 μ L the volumes of Lysis Buffer RAV1 and ethanol have to be increased to 600 μ L each. Depending on the size of pipetting tips, the total lysate volume of 1300 μ L may be loaded in two steps onto the NucleoSpin® Virus Binding Strips. The buffers supplied with the kit are sufficient for processing a sample volume of 150 μ L*.

Proteinase K treatment

Addition of Proteinase K solution is necessary for the isolation of viral DNA or simultaneous viral RNA/DNA isolation. For isolation of viral RNA Proteinase K treatment is usually not required. Proteinase K treatment is recommended for viral RNA isolation when viscous samples have to be processed (e.g., sputum samples).

^{*} Lysis must be done in MN Square-well Blocks if sample size is 150 µL. Additional MN Square-well Blocks may be necessary (see ordering information, section 6.2).

Sample lysis

For isolation of viral RNA in general a lysis of samples in Buffer RAV1 for 10 min at room temperature will be sufficient. For isolation of viral RNA from viscous samples, for example sputum or supernatants of tissue suspensions or stool samples, a lysis at 70 °C may be required. For simultaneous isolation of viral RNA and DNA, incubation time (e.g., 5–15 min), and temperature (e.g., RT, 56 °C, or 70 °C) should be optimized and adjusted to the sample material used.

2.7 Carrier RNA

The **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** and **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kits** include Carrier RNA that enhances binding of viral nucleic acids to the silica membrane and reduces the risk of viral RNA degradation. Please note that eluates of the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** kit contain both viral nucleic acids and Carrier RNA with amounts of Carrier RNA that may exceed the amount of viral nucleic acids. Therefore it is not possible to quantify the nucleic acids isolated with the kit by photometric or fluorometric methods when using the carrier. Thus, other methods for quantification such as specific quantitative PCR or RT-PCR systems are recommended. Furthermore, Carrier RNA may inhibit PCR reactions. The amount of added Carrier RNA may thus be carefully optimized depending on the individual PCR system used.

2.8 Elution procedures

Recovery of viral RNA or DNA from the membrane depends on the elution volume. Elution volumes of 75–200 μ L are possible, with an optimum of 100–125 μ L dispensed volume. The dead volume of the membrane is approx. 45 μ L and the recovered elution buffer can thus easily be estimated.

Highly concentrated eluates: When using a minimal elution volume (75–100 µL), about 70–80% of bound nucleic acids can be eluted, resulting in highly concentrated RNA/DNA. Alternatively, elution can be done in two steps with, for example 75 µL each, resulting in a higher elution efficiency but with a lower concentrated eluate.

Preheated elution buffer (70 °C): Use preheated elution buffer to increase overall yield. Optionally, following addition of preheated elution buffer incubate the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips for 3 min at 60-70 °C before elution.

3 Storage conditions and preparation of working solutions

Attention: Buffers RAV1 and RAW contain guanidinium salts! Wear gloves and goggles!

CAUTION: Buffer RAV1 contains guanidinium thiocyanate and Buffer RAW contains guanidine hydrochloride which can form highly reactive compounds when combined with bleach (sodium hypochlorite). DO NOT add bleach or acidic solutions directly to the sample-preparation waste.

Before starting any NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus (Core Kit) protocol, prepare the following:

- Wash Buffer RAV3: Add indicated volume of 96 100 % ethanol to the Wash Buffer RAV3 Concentrate. Mark the label of the bottle to indicate that ethanol was added.
- Before first use of the kit, add the indicated volume of Proteinase Buffer PB to dissolve lyophilized Proteinase K. Proteinase K solution is stable at -20 °C for 6 months. Dividing the solution into aliquots is recommended.
- Before use, add 1 mL Lysis Buffer RAV1 to the Carrier RNA tube. Dissolve the RNA
 and transfer it back to the Buffer RAV1 bottle. Mark the label of the bottle to indicate
 that Carrier RNA was added. Due to the production procedure and the small amount
 of Carrier RNA contained in the vial, the Carrier RNA may hardly be visible in the vial.

Carrier RNA has a limited shelf-life in Buffer RAV1. For this reason the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus (Core Kit)** kit contains several vials of lyophilized Carrier RNA which should be used successively as required.

Storage of Carrier RNA in Buffer RAV1

Buffer RAV1 with Carrier RNA can be stored at 15-25 °C for 1-2 weeks. Storage at room temperature prevents salt precipitation and avoids preheating of the buffer solution!

For storage for up to 4 weeks storage of Buffer RAV1 with added Carrier RNA at 4 °C is recommended. For long time storage Buffer RAV1 with added Carrier RNA can be stored in aliquots at -20 °C. Storage at 4 °C or below may cause salt precipitation. Therefore, the mixture must be preheated at 40–60 °C for a maximum of 5 min in order to dissolve precipitated salts.

Attention: Frequent heating, temperatures > 80 °C, and extended heat incubation will lead to the degradation of the Carrier RNA and to reduced recovery of viral RNA and eventually false negative RT-PCR results, in particular if low-titer samples are used. Do not heat-up Buffer RAV1 containing Carrier RNA more than 4 times!

	NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus		
REF	12 × 8 preps 740643	60 × 8 preps 740643.5	
Wash Buffer RAV3 (Concentrate)	50 mL Add 200 mL ethanol	2 × 100 mL Add 400 mL ethanol to each bottle	
Proteinase K (lyophilized)	50 mg Add 2.5 mL Proteinase Buffer	3 × 75 mg Add 3.5 mL Proteinase Buffer to each vial	
Carrier RNA (lyophilized)	1 mg Transfer to 40 mL Buffer RAV1	6 × 1 mg Transfer each vial to one bottle of 40 mL Buffer RAV1	
	NucleoSpin [®] 8	Virus Core Kit	
48 × 8 preps REF 740451.4			
Wash Buffer RAV3 (Concentrate)	$2 \times 100 \text{ mL}$ Add 400 mL ethanol to each bottle		
Carrier RNA (lyophilized)	$6 \times 1 \text{ mg}$ Transfer each vial to one bottle of 40 mL Buffer RAV1		

4 Safety instructions

When working with the **NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus** and **NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core** kits wear suitable protective clothing (e.g., lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles). For more information consult the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS available online at *www.mn-net.com/msds*).



Caution: Guanidine hydrochloride in Buffer RAW and guanidinium thiocyanate in Buffer RAV1 can form highly reactive compounds when combined with bleach! Thus, do not add bleach or acidic solutions directly to the sample preparation waste.

The waste generated with the NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus and NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core kit has not been tested for residual infectious material. A contamination of the liquid waste with residual infectious material is highly unlikely due to strong denaturing lysis buffer and Proteinase K treatment but it cannot be excluded completely. Therefore, liquid waste must be considered infectious and should be handled and discarded according local safety regulations.

4.1 Disposal

Dispose hazardous, infectious or biologically contaminated materials in a safe and acceptable manner and in accordance with all local and regulatory requirements.

5 Protocols

5.1 NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus – centrifuge processing

- For hardware requirements, refer to section 2.3.
- For detailed information on each step see page 16.
- For use of the NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus <u>Core Kit</u> (REF 740451.4), refer to section 2.4 regarding recommended accessories.

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer RAV1, Buffer RAV3, and Proteinase K were prepared according to section 3.
- Set incubator or oven to 25-70 °C.
- Preheat Elution Buffer RE or water to 70 °C.

Protocol at a glance

1	Lyse samples	100 µL sample
		400 µL Buffer RAV1
		(20 µL Proteinase K)
		Mix
		25–70 °C, 10 min
2	Adjust binding conditions	400 µL ethanol (96–100 %)
		Mix
3	Transfer samples to NucleoSpin® Virus B	nding Strips
4	Bind viral nucleic acids to silica membrane of the NucleoSpin [®] Virus Binding Strips	5,600 – 6,000 x <i>g</i> , 2 min
5	Wash silica membrane	500 µL RAW
		5,600 – 6,000 x g, 2 min
		700 µL RAV3
		5,600 – 6,000 x g, 2 min
		700 µL RAV3
		5,600–6,000 x g, 15 min

6 Elute viral RNA and DNA

100 μL RE (70 °C) 5,600 – 6,000 x g, 2 min

Optional: Repeat elution step once.

Detailed protocol

This standard protocol is recommended for purification of viral RNA from, for example HCV or HIV. DNA viruses such as CMV can also be isolated but lysis including Proteinase K digestion is recommended.

The use of NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips in a Column Holder C allows the isolation of up to n x 8 samples (n = 1 – 6). Insert as many of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips as required into the same positions of each one of the two reusable column holders and place column holders onto the MN Square-well Blocks. Label the column holders or 8-well strips for later identification.

Always use 2 Column Holders C containing identical numbers of NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips for centrifugation. This avoids the need to balance the centrifuge, and allows multiples of 16 samples to be processed in parallel. We recommend inserting the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips around the center of the column holder.

- For hardware requirements, refer to section 2.3.
- For use of the NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core Kit (REF 740451.4), refer to section 2.4 regarding recommended accessories.

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer RAV1, Buffer RAV3, and Proteinase K were prepared according to section 3.
- Set incubator or oven to 25-70 °C.
- Preheat Elution Buffer RE or water to 70 °C.

1 Lyse samples

Pipette 400 μ L Buffer RAV1 into the wells of a Rack of Tube Strips or Round-well Block according to the number of samples. Dispense solution to the bottom of the wells.

If 150 μ L sample are to be prepared*, pipette 600 μ L Buffer RAV1 into the wells.

We recommend using an electronic 8-channel pipetting device with extra long tips capable of holding more than 650 $\mu L.$

Add $100 \mu L$ sample to each Buffer RAV1-filled well. Take care to dispense the sample directly into Buffer RAV1. Pipette mixture up and down several times. Do not moisten the rims.

Close Tube Strips or Round-well Block with Cap Strips. Incubate mixture for **10 min** at **room temperature.**

<u>Optional:</u> Add **20 µL Proteinase K** to each sample premixed with Buffer RAV1. Close the lysis vessels with Cap Strips and incubate for 5-10 min at 56-70 °C. Addition of Proteinase K is required for viral DNA extraction and may be useful for viral RNA extraction from some sample types. For details on incubation time and temperature see section 2.6.

Spin down droplets (30 s; $1,500 \times g$) before opening the Cap Strips.

2 Adjust binding conditions

Remove Cap Strips and add 400 μ L ethanol (96 – 100 %) to each lysate. Take care not to moisten the rims of the individual wells while dispensing. Close the individual wells with new Cap Strips (not supplied). Invert 10 times and mix by shaking for 15 s. Spin down droplets (30 s; 1,500 x g) from the Cap Strips.

If 150 μL sample has been prepared, add 600 μL ethanol (96-100%) to each lysate.

3 Transfer samples to binding strips

Remove the first Cap Strip and transfer all of each sample into the wells of a NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strip positioned on top of the MN Square-well Block. Do not moisten the rims of the individual wells while dispensing samples (moistened rims may cause cross-contamination during centrifugation). Seal NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips with Self adhering PE Foil.

^{*} Lysis must be done in MN Square-well Blocks if sample size is 150 µL. Additional MN Square-well Blocks may be necessary (see ordering information, section 6.2).

4 Bind RNA and DNA to silica membrane

Place the MN Square-well Blocks with Binding Strips onto the centrifuge carrier and insert it into the rotor buckets. Centrifuge at $5,600-6,000 \times g$ for 2 min.

Typically, samples will pass through the columns within ≤ 1 min.

<u>Optional:</u> If 150 µL sample has been prepared, load it in successive steps onto the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips as described in step 3. In this case use a new MN Square-well Block for the washing steps as the maximum volume of the MN Square-well Block may be exceeded (additional MN Square-well Blocks are not included in the kit, see ordering information).

5 Wash silica membrane

1 st wash

Remove Self adhering PE Foil and add 500 μ L Buffer RAW to each well of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips. Seal the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips with new Self adhering PE Foil. Centrifuge at 5,600 – 6,000 x g for 1 – 2 min.

Remove Self adhering PE Foil and place ${\rm NucleoSpin}^{\circledast}$ Virus Binding Strips onto a new MN Square-well Block.

2nd wash

Add **700 μL Buffer RAV3** to each well of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips. Seal with new Self adhering PE Foil. Centrifuge at **5,600 – 6,000 x g** for **1 – 2 min**.

3rd wash

Repeat second wash step once. Prolong centrifugation to **15 min** in order to remove ethanol from residual Wash Buffer RAV3.

Alternatively, remove the adhesive foil and place the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips into an incubator for 20 min at 37 °C to evaporate residual ethanol.

Removal of ethanol by evaporation at 37 °C is more effective than additional, prolonged centrifugation (15 min, $6,000 \times g$).

6 Elute viral RNA and DNA

Place the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips onto the Rack of Tube Strips.

Dispense $75-100 \ \mu L$ RNase-free water or Buffer RE (preheated to $70 \ ^{\circ}C$) to each well of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips. Pipette the buffer directly onto the membrane. Incubate at room temperature for 1 min. Seal with a new Self adhesive PE Foil. Centrifuge at $5,600-6,000 \ x \ g$ for $2-3 \ min$.

Tube Strips containing eluted RNA/DNA can be conveniently closed with Cap Strips for storage.

Yields will be 10-15 % higher when eluting in 100-200 µL water. The concentration of nucleic acids in the complete eluate, however, will be lower. For RT-PCR/PCR a more concentrated eluate is favorable. If only viral DNA is processed, elution should be done with Elution Buffer RE optimized for elution and storage of DNA.

5.2 NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus (Core Kit) – vacuum processing

- For hardware requirements refer to section 2.3
- For detailed information on each step see page 21.
- For detailed information regarding the vacuum manifold setup, see page 21.
- For use of the NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core Kit (REF 740451.4), refer to section 2.4 regarding recommended accessories.

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer RAV1, Buffer RAV3, and Proteinase K were prepared according to section 3.
- Set incubator or oven to 25-70 °C.
- Preheat Elution Buffer RE or water to 70 °C.

Protocol at a glance

1	Lyse samples	100 µL sample	
		400 µL Buffer RAV1	
		(20 µL Proteinase K)	
		Mix	
		25-70 °C, 10 min	
2	Adjust binding conditions	400 µL ethanol (96–100 %)	
		Mix	
3	Transfer samples to NucleoSpin [®] Vi	Transfer samples to NucleoSpin [®] Virus Binding Strips	
4	Bind nucleic acids to silica membrane of the NucleoSpin [®] Virus Binding Strips	-0.2 bar*, 5 min	
5	Wash and dry silica membrane	500 μL RAW	
		700 µL RAV3	
		700 μL RAV3-0.2 bar*, 5 min each step	
	_	Remove MN Wash Plate, if used	
		-0.6 bar*,	

^{*} Reduction of atmospheric pressure

6 Elute viral RNA and DNA

100 µL RE (70 °C)

-0.4 bar*, 2 min

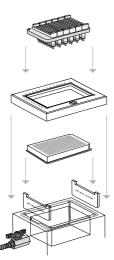
Optional: Repeat elution step once

<u>Note:</u> Elution under centrifugation is recommended.

Setup of vacuum manifold:

Binding / Washing steps

Elution step



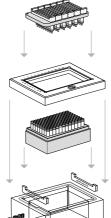
Step 4:

Place the NucleoSpin® Binding Strips inserted the Column Holder A on top of the manifold lid. Unused rows have to be filled with NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips.

Step 3: Place the manifold lid on top of the manifold base.

Step 2 (optional): Place the MN Wash Plate in the manifold.

Step 1: Insert spacers 'MTP/MULTI-96 PLATE' and waste container in the manifold base.



Step 4:

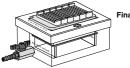
Place the NucleoSpin® Binding Strips inserted the Column Holder A on top of the manifold lid. Unused rows have to be filled with NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips.

Step 3:

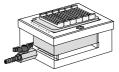
Place the manifold lid on top of the manifold base.

Step 2: Place the Rack of Tube Strips in the manifold.

Step 1: Insert spacers 'MICROTUBE RACK' in the manifold base.



Final setup



Final setup

For more information, visit our website:



www.mn-net.com/NucleoVac96Manifold-overview

* Reduction of atmospheric pressure

Detailed protocol

Whereas the use of a centrifuge for the processing of the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus** kit determines most of the consumables to be used (Tube Strips, MN Square-well Blocks, etc.) the vacuum use of the kit allows for more variation and higher flexibility.

Especially when processing a large number of samples under vacuum, crosscontamination is a major concern due to spraying of liquids or aerosol formation. The use of the MN Wash Plate* prevents the contamination by droplets at the outlets of the individual wells of the NucleoSpin[®] Binding Strips. This very assistant tool is thus recommended for vacuum processing.

When using the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit** under vacuum, the NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold is required (see ordering information, section 6.2). For use of the **NucleoSpin® 8 Virus Core Kit** in addition the Starter Set A is required which contains the Column Holder A and the NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips to close / seal unused rows of the column holder when applying vacuum.

The use of NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips in a Column Holder A allows the isolation of up to n x 8 samples (n = 1 – 6). Insert as many of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips as required into the reusable column holder. Close unused openings of the column holder with NucleoSpin[®] Dummy Strips and place column holders containing NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips and NucleoSpin[®] Dummy Strips onto NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold. If a final elution step by centrifugation is preferred (recommended), either a Column Holder C or a Support Frame (Support Frame for centrifugation of Column Holder A, see ordering information) are required.

This standard protocol is recommended for purification of viral RNA from for example HCV or HIV. DNA viruses such as CMV can also be isolated but lysis including Proteinase K digestion is recommended (not included in the core kit).

- For hardware requirements refer to section 2.3.
- For detailed information regarding the vacuum manifold setup, see page 23.
- For use of the NucleoSpin[®] 8 Virus Core Kit (REF 740451.4), refer to section 2.4 regarding recommended accessories.

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer RAV1, Buffer RAV3, and Proteinase K were prepared according to section 3.
- Set incubator or oven to 25-70 °C.
- Preheat Elution Buffer RE or water to 70 °C

^{*} The MN Wash Plate is not part of the kits. Please order separately (see ordering information, section 6.2 =

1 Lyse samples

Pipette $400 \ \mu L$ Buffer RAV1 into the wells of a suitable vessel used for lysis. Dispense solution to the bottom of the wells.

If 150 µL sample are to be prepared*, pipette 600 µL Buffer RAV1 into the wells.

We recommend using an electronic 8-channel pipetting device with extra long tips capable of holding more than 650 $\mu L.$

Add 100 μ L sample to each Buffer RAV1-filled well. Take care to dispense the samples directly into Buffer RAV1. Pipette mixture up and down several times. Do not moisten the rims.

Close the wells and incubate the mixture for 10 min at room temperature.

<u>Optional:</u> Add **20 µL Proteinase** K (20 mg/mL) to each sample premixed with Buffer RAV1. Close the lysis vessels and incubate for 5-10 min at 56 °C–70 °C. Addition of Proteinase K is required for viral DNA extraction and may be useful for viral RNA extraction from some sample types. For details on incubation time and temperature please also refer to section 2.6.

Spin briefly (30 s, $1,500 \times g$) to collect any sample from the cover of the wells if required before opening the lysis vessels.

2 Adjust binding conditions

Remove the cover of the wells and add $400 \,\mu\text{L}$ ethanol (96–100%) to each sample. Take care not to moisten the rims of the individual wells while dispensing. Close the wells with a new cover, invert 10 x, and mix by shaking for 15 s. Spin briefly (30 s, 1,500 x g) to collect any sample from the cover of the wells.

If 150 μL sample has been prepared, add 600 μL ethanol (96-100%) to each lysate.

3 Transfer samples to NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips

Place waste tray into vacuum manifold base. Other plates for waste collection can also be used. Insert spacers labeled 'MTP/MULTI-96 PLATE' notched side up. Optionally the MN Wash Plate may be placed on the spacers to minimize the risk of contamination. Close manifold and place NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips on top of the manifold. Column Holder A has to be used to fixthe 8-well strips on the manifold. Seal unused openings of the Column Holder A with NucleoSpin[®] Dummy Strips.

Transfer samples to the wells of the binding strips and be careful no to moisten the rims of the wells.

^{*} Lysis must be done in MN Square-well Blocks if sample size is 150 µL. Additional MN Square-well Blocks may be necessary (see ordering information, section 6.2).

4 Bind viral RNA and DNA to silica membrane

Apply vacuum of **-0.2 to -0.4 bar*** (reduction of atmospheric pressure) to allow samples to pass through the membrane (2-5 min). Flowthrough rate should be about 1-2 drops per second. Adjust vacuum strength accordingly.

5 Wash and dry silica membrane

1 st wash

Add **500 µL Buffer RAW** to each well of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Plate. Apply vacuum (-0.2 to -0.4 bar*) until all buffer has passed through the wells of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips (2–5 min). Release the vacuum.

2nd wash

Add **700 μL Buffer RAV3** to each well of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Plate. Apply vacuum (-0.2 to -0.4 bar*) until all buffer has passed through the wells of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips (2–5 min). Release the vacuum.

3rd wash

Add **700 μL Buffer RAV3** to each well of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Plate. Apply vacuum (-0.2 to -0.4 bar*) until all buffer has passed through the wells of the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips (2–5 min). Release the vacuum.

Dry the membrane

After the final washing step close the valve, release the vacuum and remove the NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips. Put it on a clean paper towel to remove residual EtOH-containing wash buffer. Remove manifold lid, MN Wash Plate (if used), and waste container from the vacuum manifold.

Reassemble the vacuum manifold and dry the membrane by applying maximum vacuum (e.g., **-0.6 bar***) for **15 minutes.**

^{*} Reduction of atmospheric pressure

6 Elute viral RNA and DNA

Place a suitable vessel used for elution on appropriate spacers (e.g., 'MICROTUBE RACK') into the manifold base. Close manifold and insert NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips onto manifold top. Dispense **100 µL RNase-free water** or **Buffer RE (preheated to 70 °C)** to each well of the strips. Pipette water directly onto the membrane. Incubate at room temperature for **2–3 min** and apply vacuum of **-0.4 bar*** until all of the samples have passed.

If only viral DNA is processed, elution should be done with Elution Buffer RE optimized for elution and storage of DNA.

Optional: Repeat elution step once (incubation not required).

<u>Note:</u> Elution by vacuum may cause cross-contamination due to aerosol formation and spraying of droplets. If possible, it is thus recommended to use centrifugation for the elution step.

6 Appendix

6.1 Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible cause and suggestions
	Problems with Carrier RNA
	Carrier RNA not added.
	• See remarks concerning storage of Buffer RAV1 with Carrier RNA (section 2.7).
	Proteinase K digestion
Small amounts or no viral nucleic	 For certain sample types and for viral DNA isolation use of Proteinase K is required for the sample lysis step. Compare protocols with and without Proteinase K digestion.
acids in the eluate	Viral nucleic acids degraded
	 Samples should be processed immediately. If necessary, add RNase inhibitor to the sample. Create a nuclease-free environment and ensure that no nucleases are present. Use suitable tips and buffer reservoirs.
	 Check that all buffers have been prepared and stored correctly. If in doubt, use new aliquots of Buffer RAV1 and elution buffer.
	Reduced sensitivity
Problems with	• Carrier RNA may interfere with the PCR/RT-PCR system used. Change the volume of eluted viral DNA/RNA added to the PCR/RT-PCR. Use diluted eluates in order to exclude inhibition. Reduce Carrier RNA concentration in Buffer RAV1. Optimal concentration may require some preliminary experiments.
subsequent detection	Ethanol carry-over
	• Extend centrifugation times in order to remove Buffer RAV3 completely.
	PCR inhibition
	 Add an additional wash step with 96 % ethanol following the last wash with Buffer RAV3.
	Clogged membrane
General problems	 Centrifuge sample lysate before the addition of ethanol and subsequent loading onto NucleoSpin[®] Virus Binding Strips.

6.2 Ordering information

Product	REF	Pack of
NucleoSpin® 8 Virus	740643 740643.5	12 × 8 preps 60 × 8 preps
NucleoSpin [®] 8 Virus Core Kit	740451.4	48 × 8 preps
NucleoSpin® 96 Virus	740691.2 740691.4	2 × 96 preps 4 × 96 preps
NucleoSpin [®] 96 Virus Core Kit	740452.4	4 × 96 preps
Proteinase K	740506	100 mg
MN Square-well Block	740476	4
Square-well Block	740481	4
Round-well Block with Cap Strips (set consists of 1 Round-well Block and12 Cap Strips)	740475	4
Rack of Tube Strips with Cap Strips (set consists of 1 Rack, 12 Tube Strips with 8 tubes each, and 12 Cap Strips)	740477	4
Cap Strips	740478	48
MN Wash Plates	740479	4
Self adhering PE Foil	740676	50
MN Frame (for optimized handling of 96-well plates with vacuum manifold on BioRobot [®] 9600, 9604, and 3000 (Qiagen), MultiPROBE [®] II (PerkinElmer), Biomek [®] 2000, and FX (Beckman Coulter)	740680	1
Starter Set A (for use of 8-well strips on the NucleoVac 96 and automation platforms)	740682	1
Starter Set C (for use of 8-well strips under centrifugation)	740684	1
NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold	740681	1
NucleoVac Vacuum Regulator	740641	1
Support Frame for Column Holder A	740480	1

6.3 Product use restriction / warranty

All MACHEREY-NAGEL products are designed for their intended use only. They are not intended to be used for any other purpose. The description of the intended use of the products can be found in the original MACHEREY-NAGEL product leaflets. Before using our products, please observe the instructions for use and the safety instructions from the respective Material Safety Data Sheet of the product.

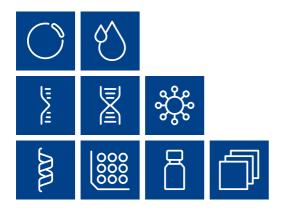
This MACHEREY-NAGEL product is carrying documentation stating specifications and other technical information. MACHEREY-NAGEL warrants to meet the stated specifications. The provided warranty is limited to the data specifications and descriptions as given in the original MACHEREY-NAGEL literature. No other statements or representations, written or oral, by MACHEREY-NAGELS employees, agents or representatives, except written statements signed by a duly authorized officer of MACHEREY-NAGEL are authorized. They should not be relied upon by the costumer and are not a part of a contract of sale or of this warranty.

Liability for all possible damages that occur in any connection with our products is limited to the utmost minimum as stated in the general business terms and conditions of MACHEREY-NAGEL in their latest edition which can be taken from the company's website. MACHEREY-NAGEL does not assume any further warranty.

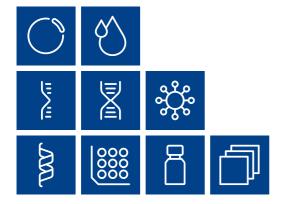
Products and their application are subject to change. Therefore, please contact our Technical Service Team for the latest information on MACHEREY-NAGEL products. You may also contact your local distributor for general scientific information. Descriptions in MACHEREY-NAGEL literature are provided for informational purposes only.

Last updated: 08/2022, Rev. 04

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